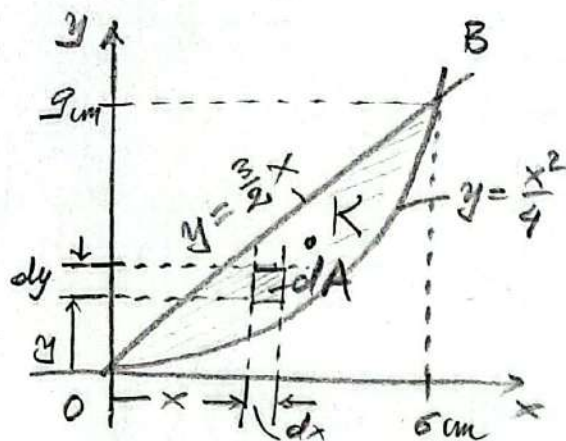


24η ΑΣΚΗΣΗ



1ος τρόπος

Να υπολογισθούν οι συντεταγμένες και η
του κέντρου μάζας Κ της επιφάνειας

OB (ευθεία): $y = \frac{3}{2}x + \delta$

$x=0, y=0 \Rightarrow \delta=0$

$x=6, y=9 \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2} = \frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2}$

$\Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{2}x$

$$\begin{aligned} S_y &= \int_A x dA = \int_{x=0}^6 x \left(\int_{y=\frac{x^2}{4}}^{\frac{3}{2}x} dy \right) dx = \int_0^6 x \left(\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) dx = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^6 - \frac{1}{4} \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_0^6 = \frac{1}{2} 216 - \frac{1}{16} 1296 = \underline{27 \text{ cm}^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_x &= \int_A y dA = \int_{x=0}^6 \left(\int_{y=\frac{x^2}{4}}^{\frac{3}{2}x} y dy \right) dx = \int_0^6 \left(\frac{y^2}{2} \right)_{\frac{x^2}{4}}^{\frac{3}{2}x} dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^6 \left(\frac{9}{4} x^2 - \frac{x^4}{16} \right) dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(9 \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^6 - \frac{1}{4} \frac{x^5}{5} \Big|_0^6 \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \left(3 \times 6^3 - \frac{1}{20} 6^5 \right) = \underline{32.4 \text{ cm}^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \int_A dA = \int_{x=0}^6 \left(\int_{y=\frac{x^2}{4}}^{\frac{3}{2}x} dy \right) dx = \int_0^6 \left(\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(3 \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^6 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^6 \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(3 \times 36 - \frac{216}{3} \right) = 27 - 18 = \underline{9 \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{x}_K = \frac{\int_A x dA}{\int_A dA} = \frac{S_y}{A} = \frac{27}{9} = \underline{3 \text{ cm}}, \quad \bar{y}_K = \frac{\int_A y dA}{\int_A dA} = \frac{S_x}{A} = \frac{32.4}{9} = \underline{3.6 \text{ cm}^2}$$

(4-17)

Allyan's exact cloudiness

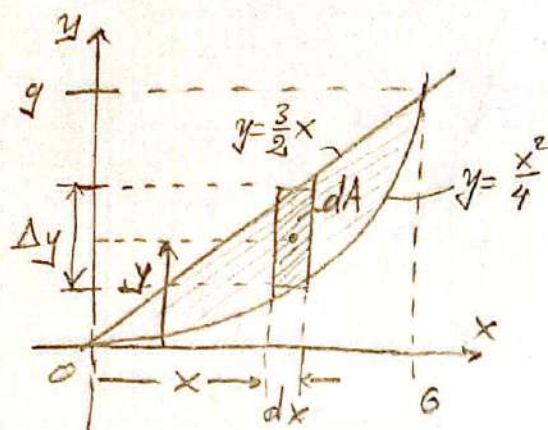
$$y = \frac{3}{2}x \Rightarrow x = \frac{2}{3}y, \quad y = \frac{x^2}{4} \Rightarrow x = 2y^{1/2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [S_y] &= \int_A x \, dA = \int_{y=0}^9 \left(\int_{x=\frac{2}{3}y}^{x=2y^{1/2}} x \, dx \right) dy = \int_0^9 \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \right)_{\frac{2}{3}y}^{2y^{1/2}} dy = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^9 (4y - \frac{4}{9}y^2) dy = 2 \left(\frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_0^9 - \frac{1}{9} \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^9 \right) = 2 \left(\frac{81}{2} - \frac{1}{9} \frac{9 \times 81}{3} \right) = \\ &= \frac{2 \times 81}{6} = \underline{27 \text{ cm}^3} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [S_x] &= \int_A y \, dA = \int_{y=0}^9 \left(\int_{x=\frac{2}{3}y}^{x=2y^{1/2}} y \, dx \right) dy = \int_0^9 y (2y^{1/2} - \frac{2}{3}y) dy = \\ &= 2 \int_0^9 (y^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}y^2) dy = 2 \left(\frac{y^{\frac{3}{2}+1}}{\frac{3}{2}+1} \Big|_0^9 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^9 \right) = \\ &= \frac{4}{5} 243 - \frac{2}{9} 729 = 194.4 - 162 = \underline{32.4 \text{ cm}^3} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [A] &= \int_A dA = \int_{y=0}^9 \left(\int_{x=\frac{2}{3}y}^{x=2y^{1/2}} dx \right) dy = \int_0^9 (2y^{1/2} - \frac{2}{3}y) dy = \\ &= 2 \left(\frac{y^{\frac{1}{2}+1}}{\frac{1}{2}+1} \Big|_0^9 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_0^9 \right) dy = \frac{4}{3} 27 - \frac{3 \times 27}{3} = \frac{27}{3} = \underline{9 \text{ cm}^2} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

(4-18)

2^{ος} ροῖσος

$$dA = \Delta y dx = \left(\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) dx$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{3}{2}x \right)$$

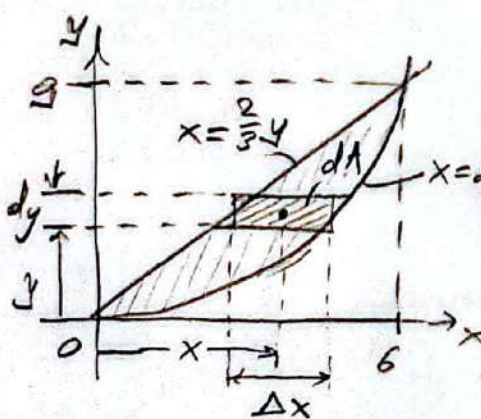
$$[A = \int_A dA = \int_{x=0}^{x=6} \left(\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(3 \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^6 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^6 \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left(3 \times 36 - \frac{216}{3} \right) = \underline{9 \text{ cm}^2}$$

$$[S_y = \int_A x dA = \int_{x=0}^{x=6} x \left(\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(3 \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^6 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_0^6 \right) = \frac{216}{2} - \frac{1296}{16} = \underline{27 \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$[S_x = \int_A y dA = \int_{x=0}^{x=6} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{3}{2}x \right) \left(\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) dx = \frac{1}{8} \int_{x=0}^{x=6} \left[(3x)^2 - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \right)^2 \right] dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^6 \left(9x^2 - \frac{x^4}{4} \right) dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(9 \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^6 - \frac{1}{4} \frac{x^5}{5} \Big|_0^6 \right) = \frac{1}{8} \left(3 \times 6^3 - \frac{6^5}{20} \right) = \underline{32.4 \text{ cm}^3}$$

3^{ος} ροῖσος

$$dA = \Delta x dy = \left(2y^{1/2} - \frac{2}{3}y \right) dy$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3}y + 2y^{1/2} \right)$$

$$[A = \int_A dA = \int_{y=0}^{y=9} \left(2y^{1/2} - \frac{2}{3}y \right) dy =$$

$$= 2 \cdot \left(\frac{y^{3/2}}{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_0^9 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_0^9 \right) = \frac{4 \times 27}{3} - \frac{3 \times 27}{3} = \underline{9 \text{ cm}^2}$$

$$[S_y = \int_A x dA = \int_{y=0}^{y=9} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3}y + 2y^{1/2} \right) \left(2y^{1/2} - \frac{2}{3}y \right) dy = 2 \int_0^9 \left[\left(y^{1/2} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{y}{3} \right)^2 \right] dy =$$

$$= 2 \int_0^9 \left(y - \frac{y^2}{9} \right) dy = 2 \left(\frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_0^9 - \frac{1}{9} \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^9 \right) = 2 \left(\frac{81}{2} - \frac{1}{9} \frac{9 \times 81}{3} \right) = \underline{27 \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$[S_x = \int_A y dA = \int_{y=0}^{y=9} y \left(2y^{1/2} - \frac{2}{3}y \right) dy = 2 \left(\frac{y^{5/2}}{\frac{5}{2}} \Big|_0^9 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^9 \right) = 194.4 - 162 = \underline{32.4 \text{ cm}^3}$$